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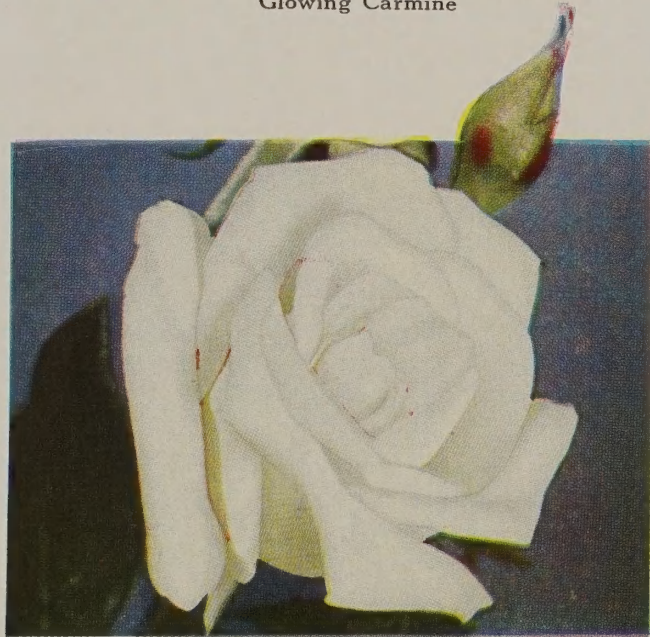
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The Blue Book of Roses



Glowing Carmine



Mme. Jules Bouche

Wyant

Blue Blood

ROSES

THERE ARE many kinds of Roses just as there are many kinds of automobiles. You can buy a low priced one and get what you pay for or you can purchase one with a good reputation and it will undoubtedly stand up to its good name.

WYANT ROSES are of BLUE-BLOOD stock. They have a reputation and can live up to it. When they are started in our nursery they are not just stuck out in the field and left for Nature to grow. Every plant goes through a great many operations during its three years in our nursery and every operation is done at the exact moment when it should be. Everything is done in the best manner possible for the future good of the Rose. The pedigree starts right with the roots and only pure blue blood flows into the plant until it leaves the nursery.

THE EXCELLENCE of the roots of Wyant Roses is not just a happen-chance. Cheaper roots on which to bud our Roses can be bought abroad but Wyant roots are started and harvested by specialists right here at home under our own guidance. They produce strong plants full of vitality with numerous fine, leathery, fibrous roots. These roots transplant easily and if given a little reasonable care, start off quickly and strongly. Their blue blood actually tells; they are aristocrats.

AND NOT ONLY do the roots show the effect of blue-blooding but the rest of the plant as well. The propagating material called bud-wood is carefully selected from the strongest plants and only from those which have bloomed with the type of bloom that is most desired. WYANT BLUE-BLOOD ROSES are superior; they are not just Roses.

WHY SKILLED SPECIALISTS and why BLUE-BLOOD ROSES? Just to make Rose growing in your garden easier and more enjoyable.

Melvin E. Wyant

HYBRID TEA ROSES

This is the largest and most important group of Roses for it includes the so-called Everblooming or Monthly blooming Roses. It is the group that most people are thinking about when they are talking about Roses.

The bushes usually grow 1½ to 3 feet high and should be planted 12 to 15 inches apart in beds. We like to have the soil between the plants kept loosened and if they are planted relatively close together they will shade the ground, keeping it cooler and in better condition for the Roses during the Summer thereby producing more blooms.

Adoration (*Plant Patent 453*). A strikingly new rose of brilliant salmon-pink with splashes of orange at the base of the petals. Long pointed buds opening into five inch blooms. Strong grower with shiny, coppery-green foliage. \$1.50.

Alezane (*Plant Patent 116*). The intense color makes this Rose one of the most spectacular newer varieties, but its susceptibility to black-spot disease keeps it from being more popular. The urn-shaped buds are brownish red and open to semi-double deep apricot or brownish color; very striking. 27 petals. \$1.00.

Amelia Earhart (*Plant Patent 63*). For those who like very large, very double blossoms, this Rose will appeal to them. On account of their size there are relatively few blossoms and the plant is only a fair grower. 80 large petals. \$1.25.

Ami F. Mayery. The beautiful shade of pink called cochineal pink is very appealing in this Rose with its large, semi-double blossoms. It is a new variety well worth trying if you want something charming and different. 26 petals. 85c.

Ami Quinard. There are some who want the deepest red colors possible in a Rose such as are found in this one. The long buds opening into medium-sized blossoms are very freely produced on an erect, good growing bush. 15 petals. 80c.

Angels Mateu (*Plant Patent 174*). The color of this new variety is most appealing. It varies from orange rose to coral. The blooms are large, well formed and deliciously fragrant. From customers' reports it is a very good grower in the garden. 31 petals. \$1.00.

Antinea. The beautiful blended copper and gold petals form an exquisite long, tapering bud that opens into a large, enchanting blossom but only those who like the simple, semi-double blossoms should get it for there are only 18 petals. The bush is a strong, medium tall grower. \$1.25.

Apricot Dawn. Our new introduction of 1939. It is a delightful foolproof variety. Most everyone knows the ease with which Golden Dawn is produced in the yellow class. This new sport (variation) of Golden Dawn is just as good and is of attractive apricot shading. The colors are quite similar to those of Rev. F. Page-Roberts, buff-apricot on the inside and deeper apricot on the outside of the broad petals. The bush is a strong grower and the blossoms are the same size and form as those of Golden Dawn, produced as freely, and are of rich spicy fragrance. 42 petals. \$1.50.

Autumn. A most spectacular Rose, having some of the same hues as President Hoover but exposing more scarlet. This variety is losing in favor on account of its susceptibility to black-spot. 41 petals. 80c.

Better Times (*Plant Patent 23*). The deep, cerise flowers are large, double and delicately perfumed. Being freely produced on long stems they are excellent for cutting. A very successful garden variety. 35 petals. \$1.00.

Betty Uprichard. The two-tone coral color is intriguing. The bush is one of foolproof habit; strong, tall and upright. 23 petals. 80c.

Brazier. As the name implies, the color is a bright flame-scarlet. Pointed buds of burnt orange open to double, fragrant flowers of dazzling brilliance. The two-tone petals curl back Cactus-like, giving a startling appearance. 36 petals. \$1.00.

Briarcliff. Has replaced Columbia but the average person cannot tell the difference. The large, double pink blooms of Briarcliff are borne on strong, smooth stems. Rich fragrance. 44 petals. 80c.

Cathrine Kordes. An outstanding new Rose of great merit. The large, well formed blooms are a deep pink with orange at the base. 54 petals. 85c.

Quantity discounts on last page



Condesa de Sastago



Mrs. Sam McGredy

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

Cecile Walter. One of my favorite varieties. The 28 large salmon petals form a beautiful shaped Rose. The bush is medium tall. \$1.00.

Charles K. Douglas. One of the good old standbys in red Roses. The large, loose, fragrant blooms remain a good color in all kinds of weather and the bush is a large, easy grower. 32 petals. 80c.

Charles P. Kilham. All who see the well-shaped, beautiful blooms on this low spreading plant are sure to admire it. They are deep rose pink blended with copper. 50 petals. 80c.

Chateau de Clos Vougeot. If it wasn't for the difficult name, I believe this Rose would be more popular. It is one of the blackest red Roses. Its 40 curly small petals make it quite double and it is very fragrant. The plant is low and spreading. 80c.

Christopher Stone. A new gold medal Rose that is thrilling in every way from the bud until the petals drop. The very bright, velvety scarlet flowers never show any blue in their color and have an intense damask fragrance. A good grower and bloomer. 30 petals. \$1.00.

Condesa de Sastago. The intense two-tone color, red and yellow is so striking that most everyone who sees it wants it. The blossoms are large, double and very richly fragrant. The bush is a vigorous, medium tall grower. 63 petals. \$1.00.

Countess Vandal (*Plant Patent 38*). You can't help but enjoy its charming blooms. They are well formed and produced freely on a good growing bush; everyone speaks well of it. The combination of its orange, coral, salmon and flesh shades is entrancing. 30 petals. \$1.00.

Crimson Glory (*Plant Patent 105*). A new Rose that is a real glory. The deep velvety red blossoms are exquisite all year and are abundantly produced on fine growing, compact bushes. It is an easy growing foolproof variety that blooms quite continuously. 30 petals. \$1.25.

Dickson's Red (*Plant Patent 376*). One of the fine new Roses that has won many awards. The deep, warm red stays undimmed until the end. The large, double high-centered blooms are produced singly on long strong stems, making it a favorite for cutting. Its fragrance is so rich that it has also received an award for that quality. \$1.25.

Dainty Bess. Well described by its name. It is a charming little five-petal Rose with a delicate flesh pink tint with lavender shading accented with purple stamens. 80c.

Dooryard Delight. This new type of Rose is a fool-proof grower in every respect. Its foliage is free from black spot and mildew and it does not freeze down in the Winter. Its light pink blooms are borne in large trusses on an upright growing bush that is about 2½ ft. high and it gets to be a good-sized plant, so should not be set closer than 2 ft. apart. The blossoms are of medium size, fully double and although not spectacular, the foolproof habit of the plant recommends it sufficiently. \$1.50

Duchess of Wellington. The long tapering buds are coppery yellow and open to broad, attractive blossoms with beautiful yellow stamens. Disease-resistant, foolproof habit. 20 large petals. 80c.

Duquesa de Penaranda. This very artistic Rose has the newer copper and brownish shades. Long bud. Large double blossoms. 38 petals. \$1.00.

Eclipse (*Plant Patent 172*). This sensational Rose eclipses them all. The long, streamlined buds enhanced by ornamental sepals, are pure yellow without shading. The long, stiff stems usually have a single blossom at their apex. I recommend it as one of the finest new yellow Roses. 25 petals. \$1.00.

Edith Krause. The immense pure white, perfect blossoms are borne singly on long, strong stems. The blossoms are so large that a bush does not produce many of them but they are so wonderful that it pays to have several bushes of them. The bush is an upright medium tall grower. 30 petals. \$1.00.

Edith Nellie Perkins. It seems that everyone who has it is a booster for it. The blossoms are a light salmon pink, shading to white at the edges with orange at the base. 32 petals. 80c.

The Blue Book of 1941 gives accurate descriptions of the characteristics and colors of some 250 varieties of Roses. These range from a favorite of 400 years ago to the finest newest novelties just created.

The descriptions are so accurate in every detail that a Rose lover can feel perfectly safe in selecting their favorites from these pages.

MELVIN E. WYANT

Duquesa de Penaranda

Ami Quinard

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

Editor McFarland. An easy growing plant producing a lot of fine rose pink blossoms. 30 petals. 80c.

Edouard Schill. The large, globular blossoms of copper pink are borne on strong, medium large plants. 50 petals. 80c.

Eternal Youth (*Plant Patent 332*). The perfectly formed buds are long and pointed and colored a beautiful soft, rosy pink. The bud is held well as the blossoms expand and the color remains a lovely clear pink, sometimes suffused with a touch of salmon. The growth is vigorous. 53 petals. \$1.25.

Etoile de Hollande. Most Rose growers agree that this is supreme among the red Roses. Its scarlet blossoms develop perfectly on strong growing plants. Spicy fragrance. 32 petals. 80c.

Faience. The lovely soft shades in this new Rose are entrancing. The large artistically formed flowers are a lovely China-pink on the inside of the petals while the outside is a soft yellow, lightly shaded with pink. 45 petals. \$1.00.

Feu Pernet Ducher (*Plant Patent 103*). Real yellow, very double, abundantly produced, a strong grower and its disease-resistant qualities all make this Rose a very worthwhile acquisition. Sometimes in the Spring, though, its first blossoms are whitish but they deepen as the season advances until in the Fall you have an almost perfect yellow blossom. 85 petals. \$1.00.

Francis Scott Key. The immense very double blossoms make it still in demand, although it is quite an old variety. The blossoms are so double that sometimes in hot or damp weather the petals stick together and fail to open, but when they do open the gorgeous red blossoms are worth waiting for; 100 petals. 80c.

Gaiety. The large bud is rather pointed. The flower is large, double, orange with gold markings, finishing coral and pearl. A handsome Rose and vigorous plant. \$1.00.

A better effect may be had in the garden as well as in arrangements, by planting several of the same kind of Roses together, rather than one of each kind. And it will give you much better chance at Rose Shows.

George Chesnel. It is unusual to have such deep golden yellow color in a Rose. The buds are long and pointed with a blush of crimson. The blossoms open into a medium size Rose of deep lasting yellow without blend. The plant is a fair grower of erect habit. The stems are long, strong and straight, with usually only one blossom at the apex. A very worthwhile new variety but slightly subject to black-spot. 25 petals. \$1.25.

Gipsy Lass. Its large number of double deep red blooms, produced on long stems, makes it a worthwhile acquisition. 70 small petals. 80c.

Gloaming (*Plant Patent 137*). Both the blossoms and bush are indeed superior. The large, long buds open into luminous pink blossoms with salmon shadings. The bush grows well, retaining its foliage when others around it drop theirs. 36 large and 4 small petals. \$1.00.

Glowing Carmine. A fine exhibition and cut flower variety. The buds are very large and globular, opening into full, well-shaped carmine blossoms of a solid color. A good grower. 40 petals. \$1.00.

Golden Dawn. An easy growing, foolproof yellow Rose. Its large, double, cupped light yellow blossoms are freely produced on a low growing bush. You should have this delightful, fragrant variety. 42 large petals. 80c.

Grenoble. A truly noble Rose. Its straight, stiff stems hold the sparkling red blossoms erect. They are always a good red and usually come singly on the stems. Good grower. 41 petals. 80c.

Gruss an Teplitz. There is no other Rose that produces as much bloom. Its numerous bright red blossoms are borne in clusters. This variety is a tall, hardy grower and should be used as garden decoration rather than for cutting. 42 petals. 80c.

Heinrich Wendland. The great hybridizer Kordes originated this and the following variety. They are both marvelous and somewhat similar in color. Wendland is a good grower producing coral and apricot blossoms that deepen to gold at the base of the broad petals. 55 large and 20 small petals. 85c.

Hinrich Gaede. A little more spectacular than Wendland but a little more subject to black spot. Its color is a brilliant deep coral and orange. 40 large and 7 small petals. 85c.

Impress. As impressive as its name. A rose long to be remembered with its large, double coral pink blossoms. 55 petals. 80c.



Prince Felix



Hinrich Gaede

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

Innocence. The name is characteristic of the simple single white blossoms of this charming Rose. The blossoms open to about 4 in. in diameter. 10 petals. 80c.

Irish Fireflame. An alluring little single Rose with a blend of soft apricot and salmon. The small, long-pointed buds with handsome sepals are great for the buttonhole. 5 petals. 80c.

Isobel. Another charming single variety. Its color is a beautiful blended soft pink shading to yellow at the base of the 7 broad petals. 80c.

Jean Bostick. Another wonderful sport of the favorite, *Condesa de Sastago*. Its large, double deep yellow blossoms are produced on long, strong stems. 50 petals. \$1.00.

Jean Cote (*Plant Patent 321*). The large, solid orange blossoms, almost brown, come singly and continuously on good stems that wave gracefully in the breeze. An attractive new variety. \$1.25.

Joanna Hill. Everyone knows this lovely, soft, yellow Rose. Its attractive way of uncurling its petals and its long stems make it one of the most popular Roses. 53 petals. 80c.

Joseph Strand. The strong bushes produce gorgeous big blooms on strong stems. The broad petals are a soft luminous rose pink with a gold base. 31 petals. 85c.

Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. Long known as the most perfect white blossom, its praises cannot be too highly sung. The stems are long and wiry. 82 petals. 75c.

Katherine Pechtold. The color blends are alluring. They range from orange vermillion to deep orange and are equally charming in the bud and open flower. The bud is long and slender, really streamlined. \$1.00.

Kidwai. The way the bud is held in the center of the large yellow blossom makes it unusually attractive. Pink tints blending delicately with the yellow, make it even more fascinating. 26 petals. 85c.

K of K. A simple little single Rose of 10 petals. Very pretty buds opening to crimson-red blossoms, are borne very freely on a good growing bush. 80c.

Korovo. A lovely blended pink that you cannot help but enjoy. Double enough but with a long bud that is charmingly graceful. The soft pink color is blended with salmon and gold at the base of the broad petals. A good erect grower; 30 petals. \$1.25.

Lady Alice Stanley. This good old standby is two-tone pink, lighter on the inside than the outside. Foolproof and richly fragrant. 60 petals. 80c.

Lady Ashtown. All agree that it is a good Rose in every respect. As the large rose pink buds expand the petals curl back pointed and symmetrical. The bush is a large, robust grower. 43 petals. 80c.

Leonard Barron. One of the immense Roses that beginners enjoy so much. Large buds open unusually attractive for such a big Rose. They are crowded with glowing light pink petals. 85c.

Mabelle Stearns (*Plant Patent 297*). This is a fool-proof Rose of spreading habit which should be planted about 5 ft. apart. The branches grow horizontally like a Pfitzer Juniper and the plant gets about 2½ ft. high. It blooms like a Hybrid Tea but neither freezes down in the Winter nor gets diseased in the Summer. The blossoms are a dawn pink shade, of medium size, very double and hold the center well as they open. 61 large and 64 small petals. \$2.00.

Margaret McGredy. One of the older of the McGredy Roses and one of the best. Its growth is compact, its foliage abundant and its large round blossoms are an attractive orange scarlet. 38 petals. 80c.

Maurice. Do you like large-sized Roses? This variety has some of the largest and most beautiful Roses that you have ever seen. The bright pink color is blended with salmon and gold—deepening with gold at the base. Spectacular and gorgeous. The bush is a very robust spreading grower. \$1.25.

McGredy's Gem. This remarkable strong plant produces a large quantity of medium-sized gem-like blooms. The petals of the light pink blossoms curl back symmetrically reminding one of a perfect cut gem. 24 large and 15 small petals. \$1.00.



Dainty Bess



K of K

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

McGredy's Ivory. One of the very best of the new white Roses. Long buds open into perfectly formed ivory white blossoms which are larger than the average. They are fine for cutting, coming on strong, straight stems. 25 petals. \$1.00.

McGredy's Scarlet. Another McGredy Rose that is very popular. It is scarlet only in the Fall and other times is a good deep pink. The buds are especially slender. The bush is a tall fine grower. 35 petals. 80c.

McGredy's Sunset (*Plant Patent 317*). A deep yellow flushed with scarlet. The yellow color is very sun-resistant and the bush is a prolific bloomer and a fair grower. The large buds are globular shape and open prettily. 48 petals. \$1.25.

McGredy's Triumph (*Plant Patent 190*). When McGredys call a Rose their "triumph" you can count on it being a great Rose. Large, Geranium-red blooms flushed with orange are produced on strong, branchy plants. 34 petals. \$1.25.

McGredy's Wonder. In the Fall when its color is the deepest and its size the largest, it surely can be called a "wonder." The semi-double blossoms are very spectacular orange copper and are liberally produced on a large, strong bush. 21 petals. \$1.00.

McGredy's Yellow. The large, soft blooms keep on coming almost continuously. The large petals open out broad and gracefully making a most attractive blossom. The lovely soft yellow (not light yellow) is a straight color without blend. 31 large and 5 small petals. \$1.00.

Miss America (*Plant Patent 264*). Not as sylph-like as the name would suggest. On the contrary the blooms are very large and flat, being composed of 65 petals. The light salmon to buff yellow blossoms are produced singly on long stems throughout the season. 85c.

Miss Rowena Thom. One of the largest pink Roses and produced by a large growing bush. The habit of growth as well as the blossom remind you of Radiance, but the bloom is more attractive. The fragrance is especially strong. 43 petals. 80c.

Mme. Butterfly. A mighty fine old favorite which took the place of a still older favorite, Ophelia. The shell-pink buds are long and urn-shaped, richly fragrant. 25 petals. 75c.

Mme. Cochet Cochet (*Plant Patent 129*). We like the blossoms as well as the sturdy growth of this newer Rose. The soft salmon pink blooms often remind us of Los Angeles, but it is so much easier to grow and is so disease-resistant we call it fool-proof. The long-pointed buds open into large beautiful open blossoms. 20 petals. \$1.00.

Mme. Henry Guillot (*Plant Patent 337*). A new variety that we highly recommend in every way. The growth is strong and vigorous, the foliage glossy and beautiful and the blossoms are unusually attractive in their peculiar shade of cerise pink. They are sensational in the bud stage and likewise in the open blossom. 22 petals. \$1.25.

Mme. Joseph Perraud. This has been our favorite Rose the last two or three seasons. You ought to see it and you couldn't help but want it. Long stems, long buds, and deep cadmium yellow blossoms toned with burnt orange. 38 petals. \$1.00.

Mme. Jules Bouche. One of the favorite white Roses. A good sturdy, foolproof grower with beautiful white blooms touched with faint pink at the center. Intensely fragrant. 32 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Charles Bell. One of the Radiance family which should be better known. Its large, shell-pink blossoms are identical in shape with those of Radiance. A large, fool-proof grower. 30 petals. 80c.



Isobel



Innocence

SINGLE ROSES . . .

Single Roses are even more dainty and artistic than their larger sisters. They are becoming quite the vogue for arrangements and are always delightful, either in the garden where they are such prolific bloomers or in arrangements where they are so artistic

The Four Illustrated
\$2.90



Better Times



Mrs. E. P. Thom

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

Mrs. E. P. Thom. The most popular yellow Rose. Its Sunflower-yellow blooms are borne in profusion on nice stems for cutting. A good grower and dependable in every respect. 29 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Francis King (*Plant Patent 253*). Those who like real large white Roses will surely like this new variety. Notwithstanding its size, it opens well under almost all weather conditions, turning from ivory to white. A very robust grower with strong stems. 80 petals. 85c.

Mrs. G. A. Van Rossem. One of the most outstanding and reliable ones among the bronzy colored varieties. The color is a striking and gorgeous combination of orange apricot and gold and the petals are heavily veined with vermillion. 37 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Henry Bowles. A good actor in every way. Large, double, two-tone pink blossoms grow on sturdy bushes. 50 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Henry Morse. These blossoms are also two-tone pink but the buds are longer and not as double as those of Mrs. Bowles. 35 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Pierre DuPont. One of the deepest yellow of all Roses. The numerous buds are a pretty shape and the color is very attractive. The bush is a low, compact grower. 38 petals. 80c.

Mrs. Sam McGredy. All who see this are immediately captivated by its showy copper and apricot colors and its pretty shaped buds. Not an especially strong grower but that makes very little difference with those who see it. 38 petals. 85c.

Orange Nassau. You should see the great perfection of beauty in this blossom of medium size. The color is a deep orange-apricot, lighter at the edges. It is not only a striking color, but its form is also perfect. The petals uncurl slowly and symmetrically. It is a small dwarf grower. The plant seems to be healthy enough but it stays smaller than average. \$2.00.

Pedralbes. Maybe this is the new white Rose you have been longing for. It is a delightful blossom that comes out in a cream shade with an unusually long bud and opens to a charming semi-double, pure white blossom with showy yellow stamens. The blossoms hold well on the stems, are borne very freely on a strong growing bush with abundant foliage. 31 petals. \$1.00.

Phyllis Gold. We like its pretty yellow blossoms very much. The large golden petals form a globular bud which opens into a well-shaped, fragrant bright yellow blossom. Very free bloomer. 26 petals. \$1.00.

Pink Dawn. Long, glorious, deep-rose buds open into large, lovely pink blooms tinted with orange at the base of the petals. Sweetly fragrant, fully double and of vigorous, upright habit. 66 petals. \$1.00.

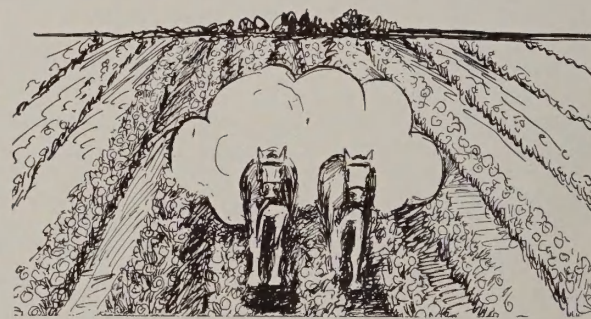
President Boone. The deep red blooms are magnificent. They are large, velvety and well formed, but sometimes their stems are too weak to hold them upright. The bush is a good upright grower. 45 petals. \$1.00.

President Hoover. One of the most popular of all Roses; it is good in every respect. Tall, upright growth produces long stems and the blossoms are wonderful in all stages of development. The long, reddish buds open into flame-colored blooms that are large and exquisite. 25 petals. 80c.

President Plumecocq. The showy salmon and apricot blooms are borne on tall, upright bushes. I highly recommend it. 34 petals. 85c.

Prince Felix. This new red Rose is one of the strongest growers. The blossoms are of fair size, of medium red color and are good for cutting. 36 petals. 85c.

Queenlands Beauty. A fine pink sport of Golden Dawn. It has all the good qualities of its parent, disease resistance, blooming ability, artistiness, fragrance, form and size. 45 petals. \$1.00.



This giant Duster keeps Wyant Roses healthy

NO ORDER IS TOO LARGE OR TOO SMALL—PROMPT, COURTEOUS SERVICE

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

Queen Mary (*Plant Patent 249*). One of the finest new Roses. A lovely pink overcast with glowing salmon and orange at the base of the broad petals. Long pointed buds and large full flowers with delicate perfume. The plants are good vigorous growers. 40 petals. \$1.25.

Radiance. Everyone knows it as an easy foolproof Rose. The two-tone pink blossoms are always in ball or bud form and are produced quite continuously even when other varieties are resting. The bush is a large grower. 30 petals. 75c.

Ramon Bach (*Plant Patent 366*). Large blossoms of apricot yellow come on long, straight stems. It is a beautiful Rose and a good grower. 80 petals. \$1.00.

Red Radiance. Like Radiance, it is an easy grower. Its blossoms are light red and stay in bud form. Its long stems are produced by a large growing bush. 30 petals. 75c.

Rev. F. Page-Roberts. The perfect shape and color of its flowers has made it one of the favorite Roses. The inside of the large blooms is a deep golden yellow and the outside a soft red. The bush is a low grower. 35 petals. 80c.

Rex Anderson (*Plant Patent 335*). These Roses of beautiful form and great size turn from cream to white. They come 1 to 3 on a stem in rapid succession. The plant is a good, vigorous grower. 45 petals. \$1.25.

QUALITY ROSES

The desire for quality is inbred in most Americans. No matter what price class we're in, instinctively we want the honest refrigerator, the well-made car and the finest Roses.

As Benjamin Franklin said: "You get nothing for nothing and mighty little for ha-penny."

A man knows honest quality is worth a dozen "almost" all wool, "almost" full-weight, or "almost as good" Roses.

It's human nature to detour now and then—to get off the main line and wander down the unmarked and devious trail of price-cuts and "just-as-good" substitutes. But we always get back on the road which goes where we want to go, marked with the signs we understand—the good safe road to quality—**WYANT ROSES**.

Rochefort (*Plant Patent 191*). Those who see this new variety like it at once. Its salmony copper color is fascinating and the blossom is large, double and well shaped. The stems are strong and the bush is a good grower. 58 petals. \$1.00.

Rome Glory (*Plant Patent 304*). Large crimson red buds on long, strong stems open into beautiful full, well formed fragrant cerise red blooms. They are large and last well either cut or on the bush. 62 petals. \$1.25.

Rose Bampton (*Plant Patent 425*). A new red Rose that is very worth while. The several shades of red make it distinctive and different from any other red Rose. It is high centered, fully double and mighty attractive. \$1.50.

Roslyn. Real Sunflower yellow blossoms. The blooms are large and rather loosely formed. The bush is a big, sturdy grower. 30 petals. 80c.

Rouge Mallerin. These deep red blossoms are so showy that they can be picked out way across the Rose field. They are large and double. 41 petals. 85c.

Shirley Temple. This new Rose is a dainty light yellow which opens up beautifully and is a good Rose for cutting as well as a good grower. This is the Rose that was named through a national naming contest conducted by us. 35 petals. \$1.00.

Signora (*Plant Patent 201*). A real masterpiece in both plant and bloom. The long bud of a warm, burnt sienna opens to a lighter hue called mandarin, indescribably beautiful. The bush is a tall grower with every bloom coming on a long stem. 27 petals. \$1.00.

Sir Henry Segrave. It uncurls so beautifully and holds the center so well that it always gives a lot of pleasure. The color is cream or light yellow. The growth is strong, symmetrical and foolproof. 60 petals. 85c.

Sister Therese. I am very fond of this semi-double Rose. I like the beautiful, long golden buds and when they open the large, broad, apricot yellow Roses are very striking with their brownish stamens in the center. It seems to be a foolproof grower everywhere. 22 petals. 85c.

Southport. A striking variety that you will greatly enjoy when you see its long well-shaped delightful buds. The color is a bright glowing red—very attractive; 32 petals. \$1.00.



Heinrich Wendland



Sir Henry Segrave



Grenoble



Souvenir de Mme. Chambard

HYBRID TEA ROSES • Continued

Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Long the most popular yellow Rose, it is losing in popularity because of its defects in the early Summer of a black center and greenish colored petals. Its yellow color and fine form are great in the late Summer and Fall. 44 petals. 80c.

Souv. de Mme. Chambard. Have you seen the charming two-tone coral pink blossoms of this sterling Rose? They are a new shade and very beautiful. The bud holds well in the center of the opening blossoms. 40 petals. 85c.

Stargold (*Plant Patent 248*). I like this new variety. Its yellow blossoms are so bright in color they glisten. The petals curl giving the medium sized blossoms a star-like appearance. Spicy fragrance. An upright, strong grower. 32 petals. \$1.25.

Sterling (*Plant Patent 21*). A new, strong growing pink Rose that at times is simply marvelous. The pink turns to gold at the base of the large petals, giving it a luminous sheen. The buds are long and the blossoms large and double. 37 petals. \$1.00.

Talisman. Almost everyone knows this two-tone striking blossom. The yellowish color on the inside and the reddish on the outside of the 30 or more petals makes a long remembered sight. The stems are a little weak during the Summer but in the Fall they are great. 75c.

Texas Centennial (*Plant Patent 162*). It is a sport of Hoover and like it in every respect except color. Its color is a blood red toning to cerise and sometimes shows a trace of yellow. A tall grower like Hoover. 25 petals. 85c.

Una Wallace. If there were more who knew this charming pink Rose it would be in great demand. The buds are long and the blossoms are produced singly at the ends of long stems. 50 petals. 80c.

Victoria Harrington. Pointed buds of blackish red open into high centered, dark red, unfading flowers. In the open blossom the petals are curled back giving a distinct Cactus form unmatched by other Roses. 38 petals. \$1.00.

Ville de Paris. Another good yellow Rose. It is a good reliable grower with long, wiry stems. Its color is very deep and lasting. A globular flower of 27 petals. 80c.

William F. Dreer. The soft blending of peach pink into yellow makes it a very lovely Rose long to be remembered. 33 petals. \$1.00.

William Orr. The large, brilliant crimson blossoms are of great form when opening. They are produced freely on strong bushes. 45 petals. \$1.00.

Will Rogers (*Plant Patent 256*). It is too bad that a Rose with such a wonderful name couldn't have been a wonderful Rose. It burns in hot weather, but at other times is a deep blackish red of medium size with about 58 petals. \$1.00.

ESSENCE OF ROSES

Do you remember the sweet aroma of those beautiful Roses? It is so cherished in June that we had a famous French Professor of Perfume blend a perfume from some of the rich Rose oils to match the delightful odors of certain fascinating Roses in our fields. Now you can carry that scent with you throughout the year.

You will find that Wyant Rose Perfume lifts you up and gives you that dressed up feeling which makes you gay and confident. And men like it; there is no denying that Wyant Rose Perfume will make you seem more than ever the right woman to the man in your life.

Perfume your skin with it so that the aroma will float about you as you move around. After an hour or two you will like it even better than when you first smelled it. It develops a richer, more alluring odor on your skin.

If you will want to try some of Wyant Rose Perfume, you will find it is tantalizing, soft and seductive. There are two kinds, one at 75c. per dram and the other at \$1.00 per dram, both in leakproof bottles so that they are safe to carry. They are each full of sweetness and they are both extremely lasting.

HYBRID PERPETUALS

Hybrid Perpetuals or "June Bloomers" generally burst forth into a marvelous display of blooms in June. Many will also again bloom during the season. Their flowers on the whole are more richly fragrant than any other class and are of very large size. The plants are too large to fit in a Rose bed of Hybrid Teas but are more foolproof and long-lived.

Frau Karl Druschki. It is the best known and loved of all Hybrid Perpetuals. It is a very strong, tall grower which blooms sparsely during the Summer and Fall after bearing bountifully in the Spring. Pure white when open with prominent yellow stamens but no fragrance. 75c.

General Jacqueminot (General Jack for short) One of the greatest favorites of the old Roses. It has large, very double, deep red blossoms mostly in June. 75c.

Georg Arends. The charming perfect pink blooms make it greatly esteemed. The flowers are high centered and especially well formed. 75c.

George Dickson. A strong upright grower. The blossom is a rather large double crimson red. 75c.

Gloire de Chedane-Guinoisseau. Some name; but a wonderful Rose. It is large, well-formed and has dark, velvety crimson blooms. 80c.

Heinrich Munch. A large double blossom (50 to 60 petals). Pink blended slightly with salmon. A moderate grower. 80c.

J. B. Clark. The very large red blooms are shaded maroon. The bush is a very vigorous, tall grower. Very thorny. 75c.

Mrs. John Laing. You can't forget the delicious fragrance of its large, full, double, soft pink cupped blooms. They come occasionally in the Summer as well as abundantly in June. 75c.

Paul Neyron. The largest pink Rose; it attains enormous proportions but it lacks fragrance. The stems are almost thornless. Produces some of its immense blooms in the late Summer. 75c.

S. M. Gustave V. A new, very worthwhile Hybrid Perpetual. It blooms throughout the season, giving large, very attractive cherry red flowers. 80c.

Ulrich Brunner. The cherry red blossoms are always refreshing. The blooms are large, globular and very lasting. 75c.



Gloire de Chedane-Guinoisseau

POLYANTHAS

The Polyantha or Baby Rambler Roses bloom almost continuously throughout the season. They have clusters of flowers like the Climbing Ramblers but are low growing, mostly about 18 inches in height. The Polyanthas are very foolproof. They require little or no Winter protection and are quite free from disease. Their popularity is increasing rapidly on account of their mass of bloom and many uses. A clump of three or more should generally be used instead of single specimens to get the maximum effect.

The larger-flowered varieties are listed together under Floribunda.

Cameo. A new and distinctively attractive color described by its name. It is a soft and pleasing salmon-pink shade that will combine well with most other colors. A reliable compact grower about 18 in. high. 75c.

Cecile Brunner (Sweetheart). This famous little Rose has charming miniature, perfect buds of seashell pink. The plant is a small, wiry grower. 80c.

Ellen Poulsen. A dandy light rose pink in very large clusters. The light green foliage is varnished looking. 15 to 18 in. high. 75c.

Gloria Mundi. This is the most striking color of all the Polyanthas. The spectacular color is a bright scarlet orange. The plant is a compact grower, about 20 in. high. 75c.

Ideal. The best among the red Polyanthas. It is a good reliable grower attaining 2 ft. with immense clusters of deep red blooms. Each little blossom has a white center making them still more striking. 75c.

Minionette. The small white blossoms are borne in large clusters very continuously. It is an old variety that is still unexcelled. 2 ft. 75c.



Ellen Poulsen

Wyant's Cho

Every Rose a SU
that Will Give

— All
\$7

Every
WYANT Rose
a "Blue Blood" Rose



Pedralbes



Etoile de Hollande



Margaret McGredy



Edith Nellie Perkins



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PERB VARIETY

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*They Live
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Queenlands Beauty



Jean Bostick



Rouge Mallerin



Mme. Joseph Perraud



Mrs. Henry Bowles



Mrs. R. M. Finch



Else Poulsen

FLORIBUNDA

This new classification, the Floribunda Roses, was originally classed under the Polyanthas, but they are quite distinct because they have larger blossoms. They are advanced hybrids of the Polyanthas and bloom equally as much, usually in large clusters and like them give a mass effect.

Anne Poulsen (*Plant Patent 182*). A strong, robust grower to 3 ft. Large, 3 in., semi-double, flat, deep crimson blossoms. Very profuse and continuous. Scented. 75c.

Betty Prior (*Plant Patent 340*). Strikingly two-tone. The outside of the petals a dark carmine and the inside, silvery pink. The blossoms are single, in large clusters. The plant is of medium height, 18 to 20 inches. 85c.

Dagmar Spath. Clusters of broad pure white blossoms with golden centers make this an alluring variety. \$1.00.

Donald Prior (*Patent rights reserved*). The blossoms are the brightest of the Floribundas. They are semi-double, bright scarlet and freely produced on a 20-in. plant. The blossoms are about the same size but much brighter than Kirsten Poulsen and the bush is a lower grower. 85c.

Else Poulsen. A good tall grower that is a fine match for Kirsten. The single blossoms about 2 in. in diameter are two-tone, pink and silvery pink and come in flat racemes. 75c.

Gruss an Aachen. This variety has blossoms as large and double as Hybrid Teas. They are flesh pink and are borne in clusters. 1 ft. 75c.

Improved Lafayette. Such a great improvement over Lafayette that it is difficult to see the resemblance. This is a taller grower, 3 ft., larger blossoms, about 3 in. and a deeper red. A profuse bloomer and very spectacular. 80c.

Kirsten Poulsen. Single, broad, 2-in. blossoms are a light red. The bush is one of the tallest Polyanthas, about 3 ft. 75c.

Lafayette. Has long been a favorite. The compact, little bush is very showy with its large, light crimson flowers. 75c.

Mrs. R. M. Finch. A large grower with large blossoms. Double shell pink blooms are produced in great clusters. Many times during the Summer a row of these looks like a bank of snow. The buds are often used by florists for corsage purposes. 2½ to 3 ft. high. 75c.

Permanent Wave (*Plant Patent 107*). The name fits the Rose. The petals are fluted or waved from the bud stage to the finish. The 2-inch deep rosy pink blossoms are in great clusters. The plant attains about 3 feet height and the new growth has very striking bronzy foliage. 75c.

Pink Lafayette. Like Lafayette in all except the color of the blossoms. The 2½-inch blossoms are a good rose pink. 75c.

World's Fair (*Patent applied for*). A startling new variety, first introduced at the New York World's Fair. The large velvety blooms are blackish scarlet with prominent golden stamens. Medium height. \$1.00.

POT-POURRI

Gather the petals every day before they have lost some of their sweetness, and partially dry them in the sun—twenty-four hours is enough time to shrivel them a little. Before putting the Rose leaves in the jar, it is well to put in five drops of oil of Rose Geranium mixed with the same amount of glycerine to prevent evaporation. Add the freshly dried leaves as they are secured, and with each lot that is put into the jar add a teaspoonful of alcohol to retain the natural scent. When all the leaves that can be had are gathered and in the jar, sprinkle a little salt, and shake every day for a couple of weeks until they are partly "ripened," then add ¼ ounce of allspice, ¼ ounce nutmeg, ¼ ounce cinnamon, 1 ounce orris root, 1 ounce dried lavender flowers, and a few heliotrope if they can be had. A half ounce of finely crushed tonquin-bean can also be added. Keep the jar closely covered except when it is wanted to perfume the room. Then add a few drops of alcohol to it, to enhance its fragrance and also to preserve the odor of the contents.

The American Rose Magazine

CLIMBING ROSES

The Climbing Roses offered here are the best of their class. Like other styles, the styles in Climbers have changed. Very few of the old Ramblers are planted; the demand is almost entirely for the newer Climbers which have long stems suitable for cutting, disease-resistant foliage and large blossoms. They are not as rampant growers as the old-fashioned Ramblers.

American Pillar. A very vigorous Climber with great clusters of pink flowers with white centers and tufts of yellow stamens. Plan on a lot of room for it. 80c.

Blaze (*Plant Patent 10*). Bright scarlet blooms of medium size are borne in clusters on stems of fair length. The plant is covered in June with these balls of fire and then again several times during the growing season there is considerable bloom. It has strong, pillar type of growth. \$1.00.

Bloomfield Courage. A cluster Climber that makes a wonderful showing in June. Its blossoms are so numerous that they completely cover the plant and make a marvelous showing. The small individual blossoms are red with a white center, so they are more striking than if all red. A rampant grower. \$1.00.

Buff King. A very strong grower in pillar form (upright). The large semi-double apricot blossoms are similar to Doubloons, but are a deeper apricot and the buds are longer and more pointed. It is a mid-season bloomer. \$1.50.

Climbing American Beauty. The blossoms come out a good red color but in a few days turn to a deep pink. They are fragrant, large and ball-shaped, very closely resembling Red Radiance in size, color and form. An early Spring bloomer, fine for cutting. 80c.

Doubloons (*Plant Patent 152*). My favorite Climber. One of the new Horvath Hybrids; extremely hardy. A large, vigorous grower with big, double, bronze yellow blossoms. A very prolific bloomer. I strongly recommend it. \$1.00.

Dr. Eckner. A very attractive, new hardy Climber which blooms some during the Summer as well as in June. Its colors vary according to their age and the weather from two-toned Talisman shades to a beautiful yellowish pink. \$1.00.

Dr. Huey. Do you want the deepest red Climber? This one has single blossoms so deep and velvety that they seem almost black. A late Spring bloomer over a long period. 80c.

Dr. Van Fleet. Large, shell pink flowers on long stems. Waxy foliage and very vigorous growth. One of the favorite Climbers but its popularity is giving way to the everblooming New Dawn. A late Spring bloomer. 80c.

Flash (*Patent 396*). The most intense flashing color of any Climber we know. Vivid orange-scarlet on the inside and the outside yellow suffused with scarlet. It is a free bloomer and as far as we know at present it is hardy. \$1.00.

Golden Climber (*Plant Patent 28*). The large, golden yellow blossoms maintain their color until they fall and are of beautiful form. Not as free blooming as we would like but we believe our strain is superior in this respect. It is best to grow it in full sunlight. It is a vigorous grower with beautiful thorns, foliage and blossoms. \$1.00.

Iceland Queen. A new lovely white Rose that is perfect in every respect. The large, double blossoms are freely produced on a strong growing plant. \$1.25.

Inermis. The Rose of superlatives. The earliest blooming; stems absolutely thornless; the hardiest; one of the most fragrant. Rose-pink two-inch blossoms freely produced. Foliage slightly subject to mildew. \$1.00.

Kitty Kininmonth. One of the delightful Australian varieties that blooms over a long period. The large, broad, bright pink blossoms with golden stamens are supremely lovely. Pillar type. Recurrent. \$1.25.

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin (*Spanish Beauty*). The cupped blossoms are a flesh pink flushed with crimson and the petals are attractively curled. Not particularly hardy but greatly loved each Spring that it does bloom. 80c.

Mary Wallace. The long buds that come out in the Spring are great for cutting. Large, semi-double flowers of a bright rose pink on long stems. A very strong grower. 80c.

Max Graf. Has long been known as the best hardy Rose for use as a trailer or ground cover. The blossoms are large (3 inches), single, bright pink, showing a golden center. 80c.



Dr. Eckner



Reveil Dijonnais



Flash (Pat. No. 396)



Scorcher

CLIMBING ROSES • Continued

New Dawn (Plant Patent 1). The most nearly ever-blooming of all the climbing Roses. It is the ever-blooming form of Dr. Van Fleet. The large soft pink flowers appear almost continuously during the Spring, Summer and Fall. \$1.25.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. All who see its numerous, well-formed, glistening scarlet flowers are immediately thrilled by it. A strong, hardy, upright grower. Mid-Spring. 80c.

Reveil Dijonnais. For those who want a different Climber and one that is exceptionally charming. The geranium red on the outer half of the petal is enhanced by the yellow towards the center. The large open blossom is further set off by fluffy golden stamens. Not real hardy and in this climate it is worth protecting because of being so unusual. \$1.00.

Scorcher. The stunning, fragrant flowers of gorgeous scarlet are semi-double and open to about 4 in. Blossoms over a long period in the Summer as well as in the Spring. Pillar type. \$1.00.

Silver Moon. In the late Spring beautiful cream colored buds on long stems open to semi-double flowers about 4 in. across. They are pure white enhanced with golden yellow stamens. One of the most vigorous of all Climbers. 80c.

Please cooperate by following the simple planting directions accompanying each order, even if you have planted Roses before.

We have endeavored to give you true descriptions of our Roses as we know them and if there is any further information you need just let us know.

TREE ROSES

When Tree Roses are planted at appropriate spots in your garden they give it an accent and atmosphere of distinction. Their strong, 3½-foot stems and good big tops which seem to bloom more and better than the bush Roses make a great sight throughout the season.

For Winter protection their roots should be loosened on one side so they can be laid down and covered over with soil.

\$3.00 each, 6 for \$16.50, 12 for \$30.00
No further quantity discount

Apricot Dawn
Condesa de Sagato
Dainty Bess
Duquesade Penaranda
Etoile de Hollande
Golden Dawn
Joanna Hill
Lady Ashtown
Mabelle Stearns

Maurice
McGredy Yellow
Mme. Jules Bouche
Mrs. E. P. Thom
President Hoover
Radiance
Red Radiance
Southport
Talisman

Winter Sterilization of Rose Bed

Dr. Massey of Cornell University who is the leading authority on Rose diseases in this country, states that there is no scientific evidence to show that dormant spraying is worth while but in my own garden I spray with lime-sulphur, dormant strength and I find that black-spot is much easier to prevent than it used to be before I used a dormant spray. In the early Winter before I give the Roses their Winter protection, I spray the plants and the ground around them, even the grass paths between the beds.

Then I repeat in the Spring after the protection is removed. I find it better to apply it with a sprinkling can instead of a sprayer and use about 1 pound to 4 gallons of water. Lime-sulphur is very toxic to diseases and kills the disease spores on leaves that are still on the plants and those which have dropped to the ground. Bordeaux would do a little good but nothing compared with lime-sulphur. I can supply lime-sulphur at 40c. per 1-pound can, or an 8-pound sack for \$1.25.

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

These Roses do not come in any of the classes before listed and in planting should not be set in beds with Hybrid Teas. The following varieties are particularly valuable in masses, hedges, in shrub borders, or as specimen shrubs on account of their masses of bloom, their hardiness, healthiness and their ability to thrive even under adverse conditions.

Agnes. A yellow Rugosa variety that is wonderful in the Spring. It has large, very double, deep bronzy yellow flowers. A tall, upright grower. 75c.

Christmas Rose. Produces white, waxy blossoms profusely outdoors from Thanksgiving until Christmas and then off and on all Winter. The Christmas Rose (*Helleborus niger*) is a low, compact grower with evergreen foliage, about 6 in. high and really belongs to the rock garden or among the perennials. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.50.

Conrad F. Meyer. The light pink blooms are very large and double and occur occasionally throughout the Summer. Very vigorous, thorny and fragrant. 75c.

Dooryard Delight. Described on page 4.

F. J. Grootendorst. In bloom from early Spring until late Fall. Blooms in large clusters of fringed Carnation-like red flowers. 3 to 4 ft. upright growth. 75c.

Harisons Yellow. One of the lovely old-fashioned shrub Roses that we see in the early Spring around the older farm houses as we drive through the country. 75c.

Hugonis (The Golden Rose of China). The bright yellow flowers, about 2 in. across come out the earliest of any Rose in the Spring. It grows about 6 ft. high and its branches arch over gracefully. 75c.

Mabelle Stearns. Described on page 6.

Moss Roses. The old favorites are noted for their delightful fragrance as well as for the attractive, mossy clothing of the bud. Pink. 75c.

Oratam (Plant Patent 257). A distinct and handsome large blossom of a coppery yellow color. The striking blooms are abundantly produced on a strong 5 to 6 foot bush in June. \$1.50.

Pink Grootendorst. Just like F. J. Grootendorst except that it bears light rose pink blossoms. 75c.

Rubrifolia. This is a unique, all year-round Rose. In the early Spring it has great quantities of small, pink, star-shaped blooms. Then it bears odd, red-colored foliage from which it gets its name. Early in the season reddish orange berries or hips form which hold through the Fall and early Winter and then also in the Winter you have its reddish stems for a contrast. 4 to 5 ft. high. Quite a rose for only 75c.

Vanguard. A great Rose. Grows about 8 ft. tall, so may be used either as a shrub or pillar Rose. Has very large, shiny foliage and beautiful, large blossoms of salmon and apricot shadings. 75c.

York & Lancaster. An ancient variety that is quite different. It is said to have originated from the War of Roses. In the Spring it produces large, semi-double white blossoms which are streaked and striped with red. 2 to 2½ ft. growth. 75c.

VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME
AT WYANT'S DISPLAY GARDEN

Learn More About Roses
get this book

"HOW TO GROW ROSES"

By Pyle and McFarland

Every step in the successful growing of Roses is made clear in this how-to-do-it book. There is much expert information also about selection, planning, planting, and care for them under all conditions. 192 pages, 87 pictures. Postpaid, \$1.10.



Pink Grootendorst



Hugonis



Una Wallace



Crimson Glory

IMPORTANT CULTURAL HINTS

When the Rose plants have been selected, the next step in the growing of successful Roses is the study of the proper methods of culture. Any Rose lover knows that through the attention to certain principles of cultivation better results can be obtained. Simple directions accompany every Wyant Rose, but the suggestions given below are intended to offer additional help to Rose lovers.

Selection of Location

In selecting the location for your Rose bed, it is not important whether your Roses are to get morning or afternoon sunlight, but that they do get about a half a day of sun. Part shade is even preferable to a full day of sunlight.

Tree Roots

Select a location where tree roots cannot interfere with your Rose roots. It is surprising how quickly tree roots will find a Rose bed and fill it, consuming food and moisture intended for the Roses. If tree roots are present, dig a trench around your Rose bed, as deep as the tree roots extend, thereby cutting off all that might attempt to enter the Rose bed. This trench may be filled in again immediately, and should be dug around the Rose bed every year if the tree roots prove bothersome.

Plant Early

The best time in the Spring to plant Wyant Roses is just as soon as the soil is workable. The larger part of the gardening public wait until the warm, sunshiny days of Spring to start their planting. This is too late to plant to get good results. In this latitude late March is an ideal time in the Spring and planting as late as May seldom gives the results you anticipate. Fall planting is usually safer even than Spring planting, but if you can plant in early Spring it is no use losing a whole season of enjoyment by waiting until Fall, for early Spring planted Hybrid Teas start to bloom in June of the same year.

Treatment of Rose Bushes on Receipt

Plant Rose bushes as soon as possible after they are received. The roots are packed in damp moss in shipment, but this cannot keep them indefinitely. If the weather does not permit planting when the bushes are received, take the bundle out of the paper and bury it, covering both tops and roots with soil. Do not drown the Roses in water nor allow the packages to lie around and dry out if you expect good results.

Planting

If you want successful Roses, plant the bushes close together so that the foliage will keep the ground shaded and cool; 12 to 15 inches is the rule for the Hybrid Teas, the taller varieties being placed for the best effect. Colors in Roses seldom clash, although you will enjoy finding your favorite combinations.

Instead of waiting until the bushes arrive, it is better, a couple of weeks in advance to spade the soil down 15 to 18 inches, adding plenty of manure, if it is available, and if drainage is needed, the bed should be tiled and surplus water carried away. Guard against the roots drying out from exposure to sun, wind or freezing during planting. Do not use chemical fertilizer when planting Wyant Roses; bonemeal and rotten manure only may be used at planting time.

Soils

In years past, the opinion was that Roses should have a clay soil, but Wyant Roses will grow in almost any soil, if it has food or humus incorporated into it.

It is best to keep away from either extremely heavy or extremely light soil, for the loam soils will have more food in them. Any rotted vegetable matter (humus) mixed into the soil improves the texture and makes it better for the Roses. The best soil you can get is best soil for Roses.

The Ph of Soils

The acidity and alkalinity of soils is designated by Ph. A neutral soil has a Ph of 7, while anything less than 7 is acid, getting more and more so as the number becomes smaller, and anything above 7 is alkaline, getting more and more so as the number grows larger.

It has been found that Roses are very tolerant. They will grow in a soil from 4.5 Ph up to 8 Ph, but the best growing conditions seem to be found in a soil that is neutral or slightly acid—that is, around 6 to 7 Ph. Lime, in almost any form, can be used to make soils more alkaline and sulphur to make them more acid.

CULTURAL HINTS • Continued

Pruning

When a Rose is set in the Spring, shorten the strong branches to 6 or 8 inches, and the weaker even more. Heap the soil as high as the branches are pruned, to protect against drying out, until the roots become established. Remove this bank of soil when the shoots start, so that the bud, or crown, is about level with the soil surface.

If you want long stems and large flowers, pick your blooms with long stems. For quantities of bloom, cut short stems and nip old blossoms after the petals fall. In cutting first blossoms from the big, strong canes which have shot up from the base of the plant, leave enough of that strong stem to form the structure of a bush. Cut side branches back to one or two leaves when cutting flowers.

The only Fall pruning recommended is shortening tall bushes, down to about 2 feet, so that they will not windwhip. The real pruning for established bushes is given in the Spring when the bank of soil is removed. At this time remove dead wood from the Hybrid Teas and cut the strong branches down to the highest big live bud. Shorten or remove weak growths.

Hybrid Perpetuals can be shortened down about one-third and from climbers the dead wood should be removed. In July, after the first big burst of bloom is over, you may again prune climbers, but pruning is not recommended unless the plant is too large for the trellis. The weak branches of Polyanthas should be cut down and the strong ones shortened one-half.

Feeding

Bonemeal is the only Fall fertilizer for Roses that is recommended. After the ground has become frozen, apply fresh, strawy manure if it is procurable. In the Spring, when the bank of soil is removed, apply Wyant Rose Food, or else a complete chemical fertilizer, to the established plants but not to newly set Roses. Wyant Rose Food is recommended, because it is of organic composition rather than chemical, and even after long usage does not make the soil toxic, nor burn, as a chemical fertilizer will. Much fertilizing will produce much bloom, so during June or early July make another application to new as well as to established Roses, and then again in the latter part of August, not after September 1st. Each time, apply about a handful to medium strong bushes, less to weaker, and more to stronger bushes.

Watering

If the soil around your Roses is kept cultivated, it will seldom be in need of watering. However, during an extended drought, it is advisable to water. When you do water your Roses, soak the ground thoroughly for hours and then do not repeat for a week. It does no harm to wet the foliage occasionally for a short time so as to wash it off, but ordinarily it is recommended that watering be done on the ground at the base of the plants.

An application of peat put on in July and left the rest of the season helps to retain moisture and keeps the soil cooler and in better condition for Rose growing.

Disease and Insect Control

A little attention and care will remedy the few diseases and insects that attack Rose plants. Dusting is preferable to spraying, for it is easier and quicker.

Spray or dust aphids, the small green lice that appear about the tips of the shoots, with insecticides containing nicotine or rotenone. Spray or dust worms and insects that eat leaves, with rotenone or with a poison, such as arsenate of lead, one of the ingredients of Wyant's Massey Dust. Either of the above pests can be controlled with Wyant Rose Dust.

Knock Rose chafers, the large grayish bugs with long legs and snouts, into a pan of water covered with coal oil. Place a drop of shellac or thick white lead on all cut ends in the Spring, to keep out the carpenter bee, which makes a hole in the exposed pith.

Prevent black-spot, the disease which makes leaves drop off, by dusting with any of Wyant's Dusts beginning as soon as the leaves come out and continuing about every week, and more often in rainy weather. Apply a light, even coat with a gun on a calm evening before the dew, if possible, thereby protecting the foliage so that it will be retained until frost.

Mildew, which causes the young leaves to turn white and curl, can also be controlled by dusting with Wyant's Dusts.

It is so important to keep your Roses healthy and so easy to do it with our dust and gun that it gives considerable added satisfaction when you retain the foliage on the bushes throughout the season and get that marvelous crop of blooms in the Fall. Start dusting early and be conscientious about continuing it often.



Faience





Betty Uprichard



President Plumecocq

PROPER EQUIPMENT MAKES IT FUN



Wyant Dust Gun

An efficient, economical dust gun is one of the essential tools for Rose growing. The one which we highly recommend, holds about one quart of dust, has a 24-inch extension with a curved nozzle and is so well constructed that it should last you as long as you raise Roses. It shoots the dust in a cloud onto the undersides of the leaves and spreads evenly

and economically on all leaf surfaces and operates so easy that children love to work it. Any of our dusts may be left in the gun from one time to another without harm. \$1.25 each, postpaid.

For gardens of 100 or more Roses I recommend our 2-quart gun, 48 inches long overall, which even though much larger, is very easy to operate. \$2.50 each postpaid

WYANT ROSE DUST

OUR NEW ALL IN ONE DUST

This new Wyant Rose Dust which controls all the important pests without further aids is a wonderful addition to the economical line of Wyant dusts. It is easily and quickly used as a dry dust in a dust gun.

Wyant Rose Dust contains 1% Rotenone and 65% Sulphur. This makes a dust that can be relied upon to produce satisfaction for most all pests on Roses and other plants if it is used timely and efficiently. It is best dusted onto the plants in the evening when the air is calm, before the dew comes and at frequent intervals, generally about once a week.

The 1% Rotenone in Wyant Rose Dust is non-poisonous to animals or human beings, but will control both aphids and chewing insects effectively. The 65% Sulphur is the same wonderful colloidal compound that is used in Wyant Massey dust. This 65% is enough sulphur to prevent Black Spot, Mildew and other diseases and is so fine that it goes a long way, making it very economical to use.

4 lbs. for.....	\$1.10 postpaid
10 lbs. for.....	\$2.50 postpaid
25 lbs. for.....	\$6.25 postpaid

WYANT MASSEY DUST

Effective and at the Same Time Probably the the Cheapest Preventive of Rose Diseases

Wyant Massey Dust is used in dry form for the control of all plant diseases and chewing insects. It looks like sulphur but is a colloidal compound that is many times more effective than powdered sulphur. This dust is so fine that it sticks readily to dry foliage and is so toxic to disease that it is a powerful preventive to all diseases if applied often and timely. Applying the dust about once a week, calm evenings, just before the dew, has been found to give fine results.

Wyant Massey Dust is sulphur colored but it should not be applied heavily enough to badly discolor the foliage and should be applied with a good dust gun so as to get it on the undersides of the leaves as well as the top surfaces. This dust is also

often used to kill the worms on vegetables and perennials and to prevent the diseases on many other garden flowers. The prices are the same as for Hot Weather Dust.

Wyant Hot Weather Dust

The same high quality dust as above, except it is without poison and therefore is used solely for the prevention of plant diseases. It is to be used in the heat of the Summer or in enclosed gardens with little circulation of air where it gets very hot so that there might be danger of the foliage getting burned. We use this dust in our fields from about July 1 to September 1.

5-lb. carton.....	\$1.00 postpaid
25-lb. bag.....	\$4.00 postpaid
50-lb. bag.....	\$7.50 freight paid
100-lb. bag.....	12.00 freight paid

FOR HEALTHY ROSES

LUCKY STRIKE ROSE COMBINATION SPRAY



An economical spray that will completely protect your Roses. Kills Rose bugs, slugs, chewing and sucking insects. Controls mildew, black spot, canker and other diseases. Mixes instantly. Contains no arsenicals.

No. 1 Kit makes 16 qts., protects 10-15 Roses.....\$1.00

No. 2 Kit makes 64 qts., protects 40- 50 Roses. 2.00

No. 3 Kit makes 150 qts., protects 75-100 Roses. 3.00

LUCKY STRIKE GARDEN INSECT SPRAY



A thoroughly proven insecticide. Kills both chewing and sucking insects by contact and through the stomach. Mexican Bean Beetles, Japanese Beetles, Rose Bugs, Cut Worms, Thrips, Canker Worms, Caterpillars, Red Spider, Aster Beetles, Cucumber Beetles, Rose Chafers, Aphids, and Midge. Does not injure or discolor foliage and does not contain arsenic, lead or other inorganic poisons. Will mix instantly in cold water.

¼ pt. makes 24 gal. spray.....\$0.75

½ pt. makes 48 gal. spray..... 1.25

1 pt. makes 96 gal. spray..... 2.00

1 qt. makes 192 gal. spray..... 3.75

1 gal. makes 768 gal. spray.....12.00

LUCKY STRIKE COPPER SOLUTION

Used to Prevent Most Fungus Diseases

This Copper Solution is used instead of, and is better, than Bordeaux Mixture because it contains no sediment and does not discolor foliage. It can be mixed with insect sprays without danger in any way.

1 pt. makes 16 gal. spray.....\$1.25

1 qt. makes 32 gal. spray..... 2.00

1 gal. makes 128 gal. spray..... 6.00



A triple-acting spray controlling Black-spot, Mildew, Blight, sucking and Chewing Insects on Roses. If you prefer spraying to dusting, this is known as one of the best of the spray materials.

A. Kit (16 qt. for 10-15 Roses).....\$1.50

B. Kit (64 qt. for 40-50 Roses)..... 4.00

C. Kit (128 qt. for 75-100 Roses)..... 6.00

Kits are sufficient for season

Lime Sulphur

Another product we have taken on for the convenience of our customers. There are many who wish to give their Rose beds a spraying in order to sterilize the soil so as to help keep Black-spot from spreading so rapidly the following Spring and Summer. This disease starts in the Spring from spores on diseased leaves that fell to the ground. A thorough spraying of the soil in the early Winter and again in the early Spring before the leaves are out with about 1 lb. of Lime Sulphur to 4 gallons of water greatly helps prevent spread of the disease spores and makes the prevention of Black-spot easier. Spray the dormant plants, soil and even the grass paths surrounding the bed.

1-lb. can, 40c.; 8-lb. bag, \$1.25 postpaid

Pomo-Green

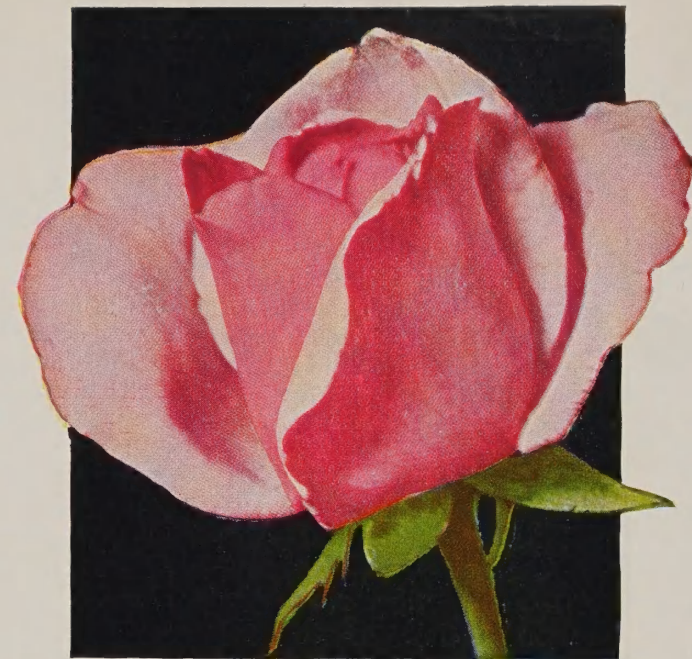
WITH NICOTINE

To Be Used for Everything That Effects Roses

Leaf green, *all-in-one* material to be used as either a dry dust or spray for Black Spot, Mildew, Rusts, Blight, Leaf-eating Insects and Sucking Insects (Aphids) on Roses. It can also be used on annuals, perennials and shrubs. Highest endorsement by American Rose Society.

5-lb. can.....\$3.00 postpaid

50-lb. drum.....\$21.00 freight paid



Mrs. Henry Morse



Charles P. Kilham

Wyant Rose Food

A High Quality Fertilizer

The organic fertilizers composing Wyant Rose Food last longer and are less dangerous than the commonly used chemical fertilizers. We tried different fertilizers for several years on our Roses and finally definitely decided that this food is better than anything else we have ever had.

An Organic Food

In contrast to the Chemical Fertilizers, Wyant Rose Food is made up of almost all organic foods. These organic foods are put together in such a way that they produce a perfect balanced food for Rose growth. The analysis is 7-8-5 but that is not as important as the fact that this food makes stronger, healthier bushes which will produce more and better Roses.

No Filler

Wyant Rose Food contains no filler. Every particle of it can be used by the plant to make brighter, bigger and better Roses. It is prepared primarily for Rose bushes but it can be used to advantage on other growing plants. Instructions for use with each package.

Wyant Rose Food

100-lb. bag at.....\$6.25, freight or express
50-lb. bag at.....\$4.00, postage 2nd zone, 60c.
25-lb. bag at.....\$2.25, postage 2nd zone, 33c.
10-lb. bag at.....\$1.00, postage 2nd zone, 16c.

The above prices are F.O.B. Mentor



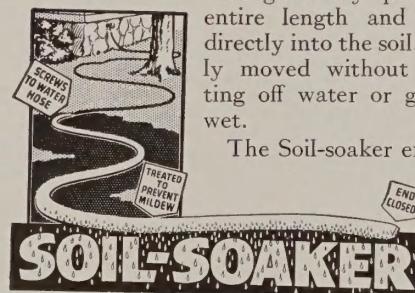
IT REALLY SOAKS THE SOIL

SOIL-SOAKER CANVAS HOSE

The Perfect Way to Water Roses, Lawns, Gardens

This new hose-like waterer, of special porous canvas, screws to the water hose, replacing nozzle or sprinkler. The far end is closed. Under normal pressure, water seeps through every pore the entire length and soaks directly into the soil. Easily moved without shutting off water or getting wet.

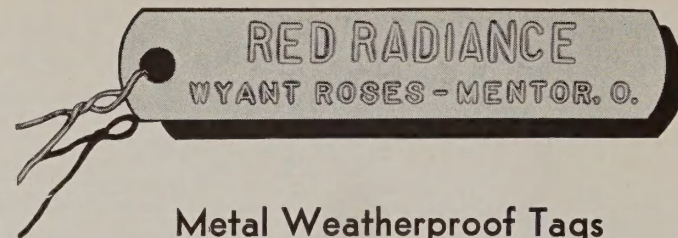
The Soil-soaker enables



you to put the water where you want it even in the strongest wind, and although it provides about 22 per cent more water than sprinklers, it saves an estimated 25 per cent because there is no waste.

No. 1. 18 ft.....\$1.75
No. 2. 30 ft..... 2.75
No. 3. 50 ft..... 4.50

Ohio customers, don't forget
sales tax



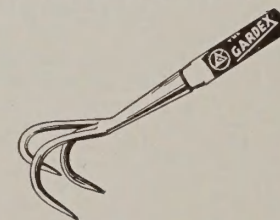
Metal Weatherproof Tags

Every Wyant Rose can be identified for years to come from the weatherproof embossed aluminum name tag attached to it before shipping. This permanent labeling is done for you without additional charge and helps to keep your Rose garden well classified. Additional labels made to order, 3c. each.



Pruning Shears

It is a pleasure to work with good tools. The shears pictured here are light, durable and well made. We use these shears in our own work and find them so much superior to most pruning shears that we are offering them to our customers. \$2.50 postpaid.



Gardex Cultivator

For large or small gardens, this easy to operate tool is unsurpassed. The position and construction of the high carbon steel tines cause them to penetrate any soil with ease as they loosen and cultivate the ground thoroughly to the necessary depth.

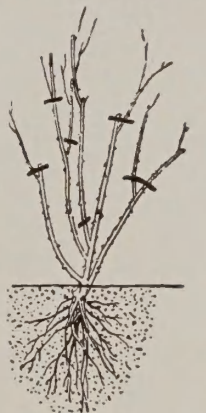
The operator can easily get into small places without breaking branches with this new cultivator. Excellent quality and attractive low price.

Complete with 4 ft. handle.....85c.

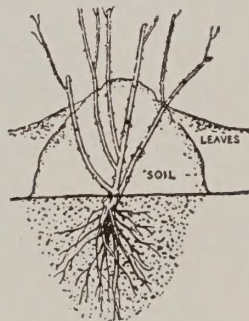
CULTURAL REMINDERS

Complete Instructions for Planting Roses Are Included with Each Shipment

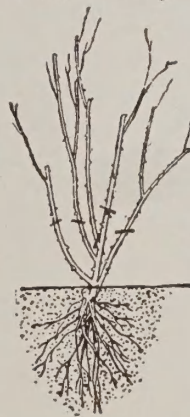
1. Begin right by buying Wyant Roses.
2. Plant in the Fall or as early as possible in the Spring, March or early April.
3. When Roses are received don't let them dry out.
4. Spray plants, bed and surrounding paths with lime sulphur before growth starts in the Spring.
5. As soon as Winter protection is removed, prune off dead wood and cut down small branches.
6. Fertilize at least each April, June and August, if you want the best results. Bonemeal is the only chemical fertilizer that may be applied to newly planted Roses.
7. Be systematic about controlling insects and diseases.
8. Disbud when side buds are very tiny if you want to produce specimen blooms.
9. Prune climbers only when they get too large for your trellis.
10. In pruning climbers remove the oldest canes after they bloom in June or July.



Proper Spring Pruning for older plants if branches are live high up



Hilled up, pruned a bit and covered for Winter. Either old or new plants



Showing where Rose should be pruned for Spring planting. Note depth of planting

PLANT WYANT ROSES

It may sound as if the diseases and insects are very troublesome and numerous on Roses but you will be surprised how easily your bushes can be kept healthy by following our recommendations.

Wyant Roses are kept healthy in the nursery, so are full of life and vitality. They are the best that can be raised. They are called 2 years old but in order to give them the highest quality possible they are grown a full year longer in our nursery than some others. Wyant Roses have three-year-old roots and strong tops. You should see their fine roots. What

difference does it make to have a 2-year root or a 3-year root? Just this—there is almost no loss from transplanting one of Wyant Roses. They start easily and produce an average of 40 to 50 blossoms per bush a year. Wyant Roses are full of life and vigor.

After you have had Wyant Roses you will never be satisfied with something less good. You will find that Roses are not just Roses but there is a difference in them. Wyant Blue Blood Roses give the growth and blooms that you expect, they produce satisfaction.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS

Select the One to Apply on Your Order

15% discount on 12 to 24 Roses which are not Patented varieties.

20% discount on 25 or more Roses which are not Patented varieties.

33 1/3% discount on 100 or more Roses, not Patented, in quantities of at least 5 of a kind; f.o.b. Mentor.

The discounts do not apply to the Collections

Discount on Patented Varieties

3—\$2.00 Patented Roses.....\$1.70 each

3—\$1.50 Patented Roses.....\$1.25 each

3—\$1.25 Patented Roses.....\$1.05 each

3—\$1.00 Patented Roses.....\$0.85 each

Any 3 or more patented varieties at the 3 rate. No further discount on the patented kinds.

Any equally good variety will be substituted if any of the kinds ordered are sold out unless requested not to. The correct name will be put on the bush as we guarantee all Wyant Roses to be true to name.

Order early or send a list of second choice varieties so as to avoid disappointment.

All shipments sent prepaid except Rose Food and 100 Roses

These prices and discounts supersede all previous lists
Ohio Customers Add Sales Tax

Wyant Rose Nursery—Route 20, 1 1/2 miles east of Mentor, 20 miles east of Cleveland.

Wyant Rose Nursery—Formal Garden and Storage Cellar on Route 84 (Johnny Cake Ridge), 1 1/2 miles east of Mentor.

Visitors are always welcome. Roses are in bloom from June 15 to Nov. 1

SPECIAL TRIO

3 Fine Roses

SPECIAL

\$2.40

Postpaid



McGredy's Scarlet



McGredy's Ivory



Gaiety

MELVIN E. WYANT

Rose Specialist
INC.

MENTOR, OHIO